

Nevada State Mining Law.

AN ACT CONCERNING THE LOCATION AND POSSESSION OF MINING CLAIMS.

The People of the State of Nevada, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Any six or more persons, who are males of the age of twenty-one years and upwards, holding mining claims in any mining district, or who hold mineral lands not within the boundaries of any established mining district, may form a new mining district, embracing said claims, at a meeting of such persons, to be called by posting, for five days in at least five conspicuous places, within the limits of such proposed new district, notices in writing stating the place and time for holding such meeting, describing, as near as may be, the limits of such proposed new district, and signed by not less than five of such persons. At said meeting all males of the age of twenty-one years and upwards, holding mining claims, or any interest therein within said limits, may vote, and by a majority vote determine whether said new mining district shall be established, and its boundaries, which shall be within the limits named in said notices, and thereafter the persons so qualified, and holding mining claims in such newly established district, shall proceed to select a name therefor and elect a District Recorder, who shall be qualified as aforesaid. He shall perform all the duties required of him by law, and shall, within thirty days after qualifying, file and record in his office a record of the proceedings of said meeting. No district, formed under the provisions of this Act, shall be divided by any county line. Mining districts now existing may be continued.

Sec. 2. The District Recorder, so chosen, shall hold his office until the second Saturday of July then next ensuing.

Sec. 3. The annual election for District Recorder shall be held, in each district, on the first Saturday of July, of each year. Whenever a vacancy occurs in the office

of District Recorder, by death, resignation, or otherwise, such vacancy shall be filled, for the balance of the unexpired term, by special election, which shall be called by means of notices, signed by not less than five claim holders entitled to vote for District Recorder, in the district, posted in not less than five conspicuous places in the district, for ten days preceding such special election. The District Recorder shall, in all cases, hold his office until his successor is elected and qualified. It shall be the duty of the District Recorder to give notice of the annual election, by posting notices in not less than five conspicuous places in his district, ten days before said election. All notices of election shall state the place, day and hour of holding the election. The District Recorder, in the several mining districts of this State, shall give notice of the first annual election under this Act. In all cases, in posting notices required by this Act, if practicable, one of said notices shall be posted on the door of the District Recorder's office, and, so far as possible, all elections shall be held at the office of the District Recorder.

Sec. 4. All elections, after the first election, in a new district formed under this Act, shall be by ballot. Except at the first election in a new district formed under this Act, none but males of the age of twenty-one years and upwards, who are holders of claims or any interest therein in the district, and who have resided in the district thirty days immediately preceding the day of election, shall be entitled to vote. If the district has not been organized for thirty days, then only such persons as are of the age of twenty one years and upwards, and who own claims or any interest therein in said district, and have resided therein from the time of its organization, shall be entitled to vote.

Sec. 5. At eleven o'clock a. m. of the

day of election, and at the place designated for holding the same, those entitled to vote at such election shall choose twice one person to act as inspector and two persons to act as judges, all of whom shall be persons who are entitled to vote at such election. The inspector and judges shall appoint two suitable persons to act as clerks at such election. Immediately thereafter the polls shall be opened, and shall be kept open until sundown, at which time they shall close. The person receiving the highest number of votes shall be declared elected District Recorder of the district; and the inspector and judges shall give him a certificate to that effect, which, within thirty days after such election, shall be filed and recorded in the office of the District Recorder by the District Recorder.

Sec. 6. No person shall be eligible to the office of District Recorder in any district, unless, at the time of the election, he is entitled to vote for District Recorder in such district.

Sec. 7. Any officer of any election who shall be guilty of any fraud in the conducting of any election for District Recorder, and any one who shall knowingly cast an illegal vote, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be punished by fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisonment in the county jail for a period not exceeding six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 8. In case of the continued absence from the district of the District Recorder, and his Deputy, for thirty consecutive days, his office may, upon the written application of any five persons, who are entitled to vote for District Recorder in the district, be declared vacant by any Justice of the Peace in the county.

Sec. 9. Every District Recorder, including those elected under district mining laws, upon retiring from his office, shall hand over to his successor all moneys, books, papers and records of whatever kind, belonging or appertaining to said office.

Sec. 10. In case the District Recorder of any district wishes to resign his office, he shall file his resignation in the office of the County Clerk, who shall, forthwith, in any reasonable manner, notify the people of said district of the vacancy thus caused.

Sec. 11. The District Recorder shall appoint a deputy, for whose official transactions he shall be responsible on his official bond. The certificate of such appointment shall be filed and recorded in the office of the District Recorder, by the District Recorder, before said deputy enters upon the discharge of his duties. Said

deputy shall, under the direction of the District Recorder, do all things required of the District Recorder; and he may hold his office during the pleasure of the District Recorder.

Sec. 12. The District Recorder elected at any annual election shall, if qualified, enter upon the discharge of the duties of his office one week after his election. He shall hold his office for one year, and until his successor is elected and qualified. Any Recorder elected at a special election, or at the first election in a new district, formed under this Act, shall enter upon the discharge of the duties of his office as soon as qualified.

Sec. 13. Each District Recorder, before entering upon the discharge of his duties, shall take the constitutional oath of office, before some officer authorized to administer an oath, and shall execute a bond in the penal sum of five hundred dollars for the faithful performance of the duties of his office. Said bonds shall be approved by a Justice of the Peace of the county in which said district is situated. Said bond and oath shall be recorded in the office of the District Recorder, and filed in the office of the County Recorder, by said District Recorder, within thirty days after entering upon the discharge of the duties of his office.

Sec. 14. It shall be the duty of the District Recorder to furnish, at his own cost, suitable books, including indexes, to make all entries and records in a plain and legible manner; to keep the records in good order, and to copy verbatim, and within reasonable time, all instruments in writing pertaining to mining claims, filed in his office for record. Also, when called upon to do so, he shall go upon the ground, and survey any mining claim taken up, causing to be firmly established at each corner, at the cost of the claimant, conspicuous monuments, not less than three feet high, on which shall be legibly and durably inscribed the name of the claim and the date of survey, signed by the District Recorder. He shall, also, at the cost of the claimant, cause to be firmly established, at the point on the claim, where the principal part of the assessment work, or other work, has been done, or at some conspicuous point on the claim, a permanent and conspicuous monument, not less than three feet high, to which shall be securely fastened the name of the company and that of the claim, the number of feet therein, and the date of survey, signed by the District Recorder, all of which shall be legibly and durably inscribed on wood or some other permanent substance; and he shall prepare and file for record in his office, a notice of survey,

which shall be substantially in the following form:

MINING DISTRICT, _____ COUNTY, NEVADA, _____, 18_____. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, constituting the _____ company, claim _____ feet in a mining claim named _____, situated as follows: (Here describe the location by reference to the monuments and other objects in the vicinity, and otherwise, so that by means of the description it may be readily found.) Surveyed, (Here give the date of the survey. (Here give the names of the locators, with the number of feet claimed by each.)

Sec. 15. Upon the request of any one he shall give a certified copy of any instrument or matter of record on file or recorded in his office, if his fees and those of the County Recorder be paid or tendered for the same.

Sec. 16. On the third Saturday of August, November, February and May of each year, the District Recorder shall file in the office of the County Recorder of the county in which his district, or the principal part thereof, is situated, all instruments recorded in the office of said District Recorder, and not previously filed in the office of the County Recorder; and the County Recorder shall, as soon as may be, duly record and index the same in books to be kept for that purpose, and shall then return said instruments to said District Recorder. In case any such instruments be lost or destroyed before they are recorded in the office of the County Recorder, copies of the same duly certified by the District Recorder, shall be filed in their stead. For recording and indexing, the County Recorder may charge and collect from said District Recorder the same fees that are allowed County Recorders by law, which amount shall be collected by the District Recorder from the party proposing to file any such instrument, before said District Recorder shall file the same. Nothing in this act shall be so construed as to require the District Recorder to file in the County Recorder's office any district laws or any instruments or records obtained from any District Recorder elected under district mining laws, unless the fees, as prescribed in this act, for copying, certifying and filing in the County Recorder's office, shall have been paid or tendered therefor.

Sec. 17. For the safe keeping and due payment of all moneys entrusted to him, the District Recorder shall be liable on his official bond. And if he shall use said moneys for his personal benefit, or shall in any manner misappropriate the same, or otherwise willfully neglect or refuse to

comply with the provisions of this act, he shall be liable in damages to the party injured thereby; and, in the discretion of the Court, he shall forfeit his office and be forthwith removed therefrom; and shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail for a period not exceeding one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 18. The District Recorder shall, during all reasonable hours, keep his records open for inspection, and shall, within a reasonable time, record all papers left with him for record, and do all other things required of him by this act.

Sec. 19. The District Recorder shall not be required to perform any service under this act, for any person requesting his services, until his fees are paid or tendered to him, if he demands them.

Sec. 20. The District Recorder shall note on all papers filed in his office, the year, month, day, hour and minute when they were so filed; and all such papers filed for record shall be considered as recorded from that time. All papers filed in the office of the District Recorder shall be kept properly arranged, so that they can be readily found.

Sec. 21. All mining claims located and held under and by virtue of district laws of the several mining districts in this State, previous to the second Saturday of July, 1866, may continue to be held in accordance with the provisions of said district laws up to the first Saturday of August, 1866. But before said first Saturday of August, the boundaries of such claims shall be clearly defined, by firmly establishing at each corner of the claim a conspicuous monument, which shall be not less than three feet high, and which shall have legibly and durably inscribed on it the name of the claim and the date of the survey or measurement of the claim. And at the point where the principal work has been done, or at some conspicuous point on the claim, a permanent and conspicuous monument, not less than three feet high, shall be firmly established, to which shall be securely fastened the name of the claim, the number of feet therein, and the date of its survey; all of which shall be legibly and durably inscribed on wood or some other permanent substance; and the owners of said claim shall before said first Saturday of August, file for record with the District Recorder of the district in which said claim is located, a description of the location of said claim, by means of which said claim may be readily found. In any case where the location is such as not to involve an area,

but simply a ledge location, the monuments, as specified in section 14, for the corners of a claim, shall be established at the ends of the claim, on the line of the ledge, as located. No claim on which work has been done to the amount of one thousand dollars or more, shall be subject to re-location on account of non-compliance with the provisions of this section, until sixty days after written notice of intention to re-locate the same has been served upon the agent or principal manager of said claim, setting forth that if within said sixty days from the time said agent or manager receives said notice, the provisions of this section be not complied with, said claim will be re-located by the party serving said notice. Such notice may be served personally, or it may be given by publishing the same for two consecutive weeks in any newspaper published in the county in which said claim is located; and if no newspaper be published therein, it may then be published in any newspaper published at the capital of the State. In case such notice be thus published in a newspaper, the re-location may be made at any time after the expiration of sixty days from the first publication of such notice; provided, that any mining claim on which the assessment dues required by this Act, have not been paid, as provided in this Act, before the first Saturday of August, 1866, shall be subject to re-location. For the purposes of this Act, a claim shall be considered as located in the county in which the principal part of the district in which it is located is situated.

Sec. 22. On and after the second Saturday of July, 1866, all locations of mining claims shall be made in the following manner: On a monument not less than three feet high, firmly established in a conspicuous place on the claim, there shall be placed a plainly written notice, embracing a description of the ground claimed, the date of the location, the name of the claim, the name of the company, and the names of the locators, with the number of feet claimed by each; and a copy of said notice, accompanied by a written request for a survey of said claim by the District Recorder, shall, within thirty days after the making of such location, be filed in the office of the District Recorder of the district in which said claim is located; and in case there be no legally authorized District Recorder in and for the district, or the claim be outside of the limits of an organized mining district, then, and in that case, said notice may be filed in the office of the County Recorder of the county in which said claim is located, and a written request for

a survey by the County Surveyor, shall be served upon the County Surveyor. Within a reasonable time thereafter, the County Surveyor or his deputy shall perform all the duties required of a District Recorder by the provisions of this Act. He shall keep a record of all his transactions in such cases; and for such services he may charge and receive the same fees allowed by law for his services in like cases. Within thirty days after the making of such location, there shall be done on said claim, as assessment work, to hold the same up to and including the day preceding the first Saturday of the then following August, excavation involving the removal of fifty cubic feet of earth or loose material, or five cubic feet of solid rock, for each two hundred feet in the claim; and as soon as may be thereafter, said District Recorder shall survey the same and record the notice of survey, as provided in section 14th of this Act. And said District Recorder shall file and record a certificate in regard to the assessment work, which shall be substantially in the following form:

— DISTRICT, — COUNTY, NEVADA, —, 18—. This is to certify, that on the (name of claim) mining claim, governed by the — company, surveyed (date of survey), there has been done by or on behalf of said company, sufficient work to hold said claim up to the first Saturday of August next. —

—, District Recorder.

Sec. 23. Any person may locate mining claims in favor of others; but no person shall be entitled to hold by location more than two hundred feet of any one ledge, except by virtue of discovery of the same, for which he shall be entitled to hold two hundred feet additional. In the case of locations made as extensions, the location of two hundred feet by virtue of discovery is allowed. No claim shall in the aggregate exceed in extent two thousand feet on any one ledge.

Sec. 24. Any location made on a ledge, by authority of this act, shall be deemed to include all the dips, spurs, angles and variations of said ledge. The locators of any ledge shall be entitled to hold one hundred feet on each side of the same, not interfering with the mining rights previously acquired by others; and all dips, spurs, angles, variations, veins, cross-ledges, strings and feeders within such area of two hundred feet, by the extent of the claim, on the supposed line of the ledge, as located, shall be considered as claimed and held by said locators, and a part of said ledge; and no ledge, in any claim subsequently located, shall be followed and worked within said area with-

out the permission of the holders of said area. All measurements of boundaries shall be horizontal air lines. Nothing in this act shall be so construed as, in any manner, to change the amount of ground that may be held in any mining claim located and held in accordance with district mining laws; but on and after the first Saturday of August, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, all such claims shall, in all other respects, be subject to the provisions of this act.

Sec. 25. No person shall become a locator in more than one claim on the same ledge; and any second location made on the same ledge, by or in the name of a party already located on such ledge shall be void.

Sec. 26. The holders of any claim shall have the right to use so much of the land in the vicinity thereof as may be requisite for dumps, and for the erection of the necessary buildings machinery and other works connected with said claim, and for the convenient development and working of the same. And in the development and working of said claim, they may sink shafts and inclines, and run drifts, tunnels and cuts on any lands in said vicinity; but the prior owners of such lands shall be entitled to reasonable compensation for all damages sustained by reason of such dumps, the erection of such works, or the conducting of such operations. If the prior owners of any such lands have duly claimed the same as mining ground, they shall be entitled to all the ores taken out in the course of such operations, and they shall not be interfered with in the conducting of their own mining operations on their own claims. The amount of such compensation shall be determined by a majority of three Commissioners—one of whom shall be appointed by such prior owners, one by the party engaged in such development or working, and one by the two thus selected. The amount so fixed shall, within fifteen days after the fixing of the same, be paid to said prior owners, or deposited in the County Treasury, subject to the order of said prior owners. Said Commissioners shall, before entering upon their duties, take and subscribe to an oath, before some person duly authorized to administer the same, to make a true appraisement thereof, according to the best of their knowledge and belief.

Sec. 27. No person shall have the right to impede or inconvenience travel by obstructing or rendering unsafe any public street or road; nor shall any one change the direction of any public road without the sanction of the proper authorities.

Sec. 28. For the purposes of this act, any stakes set, any work erected, or any

tree or other object selected and conspicuously marked to designate the boundaries of a mining claim, shall be deemed a monument established for such purpose, if it be conspicuous, and three feet in height.

Sec. 29. Any person who, willfully, maliciously, or wantonly, or with intent to fraudulently change, injure or destroy a boundary, shall remove, injure or destroy any monument, or any mark thereon, established to designate the boundary of any mining claim, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction, shall be punished by fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 30. For the purposes of this Act, the term "foot," when used without qualification in relation to mining ground, is hereby declared to mean twelve lineal inches, horizontal air line measurement, on the line of the ledge, as located; the term "assessment work" is hereby declared to mean the work done, partly in order to hold a claim, and involving the excavation of fifty cubic feet of earth or loose matter, or five cubic feet of solid rock, for each two hundred feet in the claim; the term "assessment dues" is hereby declared to mean two cents for each foot in a claim, to be paid for the purpose of holding the same one assessment year; and the term "assessment year" is hereby declared to mean the period extending from, and including the first Saturday of August, of one year, to, and including the day immediately preceding the first Saturday of August of the following year. The doing of assessment work, or the payment of assessment dues, shall be regarded as evidence of intention to hold the claim on which, or with reference to which the same was done or paid, for the period for which the same was done or paid. The payment of assessment dues shall be in lieu of the "assessment work" heretofore usually required as an evidence of intention to hold a mining claim for a specified period; and such payment shall not be required in any case where the holders of a mining claim are in good faith, and to the extent specified in section thirty-two of this Act, engaged in developing or working the same.

Sec. 31. On the first Saturday of August, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six (at which time the first assessment year shall begin), this Act shall supersede all district mining laws, and thereafter said laws shall be considered as repealed; provided, any and all rights heretofore acquired under and by virtue of such district mining laws, shall be determined in

accordance with said mining laws, existing at the time when said rights were acquired. During the period extending from and including the first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, to and including the day immediately preceding the first Saturday of the following August, no claim shall become subject to re-location by reason of the non-performance of assessment work. Locations may be made under this Act at any time on and after the second Saturday of July, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six (at which time the District Recorders elected under this Act shall, if qualified, enter upon the discharge of their duties), and on and after said second Saturday of July no locations shall be made under district mining laws.

Sec. 32. The doing of assessment work, or the payment of assessment dues, shall not be required in order to hold a claim during any assessment year, if, during the next year preceding such assessment year, there has been done on said claim, by or on behalf of the claimants thereof, an amount of work costing, at a fair valuation, not less than fifty cents for each foot in said claim; but in all other cases assessment work shall be done, or assessment dues shall be paid, as provided in this Act. Assessment dues shall be paid for every assessment year, by the parties holding the claim, to the District Recorder, elected under this Act, before the first Saturday of August, commencing the assessment year for which they are paid, except as otherwise provided in this section.

Sec. 33. Except as otherwise provided in section thirty-two, every mining claim located and held under district mining laws, on which, before the first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, there has been work done involving the excavation of fifty cubic feet of earth or loose matter, or five cubic feet of solid rock, for each two hundred feet in such claim, shall be subject to assessment dues. On every mining claim located and held under district mining laws, on which such work has not been done before the first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, assessment work shall be done on or before the day immediately preceding the first Saturday of August, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six. The doing of such assessment work or the payment of such assessment dues shall enable the owners of said claim to hold the same for the next ensuing assessment year, commencing on the first Saturday of August, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.

Sec. 34. The assessment work done within the 30 days after the location of a claim

under this Act, as provided in section twenty-two, shall hold the same only up to the beginning of the assessment year following the date of said location, and for such next ensuing assessment year, and for every year thereafter, (except as provided in section thirty-two of this Act), such claim shall be subject to assessment dues.

Sec. 35. For any assessment dues paid to the District Recorder, he shall give a receipt, which shall be filed for record in the office of the District Recorder before the expiration of the time for the payment of such dues. Said receipt shall be substantially in the following form:

Received, — District, — county, Nevada, —, 18, from [amount] in full, as assessment dues on — mining claim for the assessment year commencing on the first Saturday of August, 18 —

District Recorder.

Sec. 36. The doing of any assessment work, or the payment of any assessment dues by any one or more of the owners in any mining claim, shall not be held to extend to, or protect any interest or interests in said claim beyond those specifically covered by the doing of such work, or the payment of such dues; and any portion or portions, interest or interests, in any claim or claims on which the requisite work has not been specifically done, or the requisite dues have not been paid, shall be forfeited and subject to re-location the same as if no work had been done, or no dues been paid on any portion of said claim; but a receipt given to the company shall be sufficient to cover all ground claimed by said company without specifying the separate owners therein.

Sec. 37. All papers relating to any claim in any mining district in which there is no District Recorder, or which is not within the limits of any mining district, may be filed in the office of the County Recorder of the county in which said claim is located; and in any such case the surveys may be made by the County Surveyor of said county, or his deputy; and the assessment dues may be paid to the County Treasurer of said county, who shall give a receipt therefor, which shall be substantially in the form prescribed in section thirty-five. Before the expiration of the time for the payment of said assessment dues said receipt shall be filed for record in the office of the County Recorder of said county.

Sec. 38. If within thirty days immediately preceding the time that it becomes necessary to do the assessment, or other work, on any mining claim, it is generally believed that the section of country in the

vicinity of said claim, or the route which it is necessary to travel in going to said claim, is infested by hostile Indians, the doing of said work may be postponed for six months from said time; but one of the owners of said claim, or his agent, shall, within said thirty days, before some officer competent to administer an oath, take and subscribe an oath, which shall be substantially in the following form: "I, A B, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I am one of the claimants (or the agent thereof) as the case may be, of [here give the name of the claim, and describe its location so that it may be conveniently found,] and that I have good and sufficient reason to believe, and do believe that the doing of [here name the assessment work, or other work to be done,] would be attended with serious danger by reason of hostile Indians in the vicinity of said claim, or on the route over which it is necessary to travel in going thereto. (If an oath) So help me God. (If an affirmation) Under the pains and penalties of perjury." Said oath shall, before the time expires for the doing of such work, be filed for record in the office of the District Recorder.

Sec. 39. In case of the failure of a claimant to do, within the time specified, anything on or with reference to a mining claim, which by this Act is required to be done within a specified time, said thing may be done thereafter; and if such claim has not been re-located after the expiration of said time, and before said thing has been done, it shall have the same force and effect as if done within said time.

Sec. 40. The claimants of any mining claim who fail to comply with any of the provisions of this Act, shall forfeit all right thereto, and shall be deemed to have intentionally abandoned the same, and thereafter such claim shall be subject to re-location.

Sec. 41. All instruments filed in the office of the District Recorder, and all records made in said office, in pursuance of this Act, and all copies of such instruments and records, duly certified by the District Recorder to be full, true and correct copies or transcripts thereof, shall be received as evidence in all Courts, and in all actions and proceedings.

Sec. 42. Any person who shall willfully change, deface or obliterate any instrument filed in the office of a District Recorder, or any record made in the books

of such office, or insert in such instrument or record any new matter, or who shall steal or willfully mutilate or destroy any instrument filed in the office of a District Recorder, or any part thereof, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be punished by fine, not exceeding five thousand dollars, or imprisonment in the county jail for a period not exceeding one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment; and shall be liable, to any person injured thereby, for double the amount in damages.

Sec. 43. The fees of the District Recorder shall be as follows: For filing any paper, twenty-five cents. For each hundred feet of mining ground measured, twenty cents. For measuring the assessment work on the mining claim of any company, giving a certificate in regard thereto, and recording and indexing the same, two dollars. For each certificate, twenty-five cents. For the recording and indexing of any instrument containing less than two folios of one hundred words each, one dollar; and for each additional folio, twenty-five cents. For each certified copy of any instrument or record containing less than two folios, one dollar; and for each additional folio, twenty-five cents, including the certificate.

Sec. 44. All moneys paid to the District Recorder, as assessment dues, shall be paid by him to the County Treasurer, on the third Saturday of August, November, February and May, of each year, the County Treasurer giving a receipt for said moneys, which shall be filed and recorded in the office of the District Recorder. The County Treasurer shall pay said moneys to the State Treasurer at the same time, and in the same manner, that he is required to pay taxes to the State Treasurer; and said moneys shall be set apart as a mining school fund.

Sec. 45. The extraction of gold, or other metals, from alluvial or diluvial deposits, generally called placer mining, shall be subject to such regulations as the miners in the several mining districts shall adopt.

Sec. 46. In the conveyance of any interest in any mining claim, the description shall be deemed sufficient if it embraces the number of feet conveyed, the name of the claim, and the name of the company by which it is designated, and the district and county in which the claim is situated.

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